

P*oM c\$ {| iO!

P*oM XuM k*oJ {l n*}G ef&N diN K*\$ S&\$ n*}G PUG NiV X&aN <H& c{b Ab&G eL PUG x}d x&iG lac KaN, K*\$ S&\$ c>G {N* #b*!



st ory weaver

P*oM c\$ {l iO! b*aN c&aJ CVaM yd* cob <HM EP& UNICEF VId naM c{b v*IN kVa H*oc j&aV J*uc Vid naM



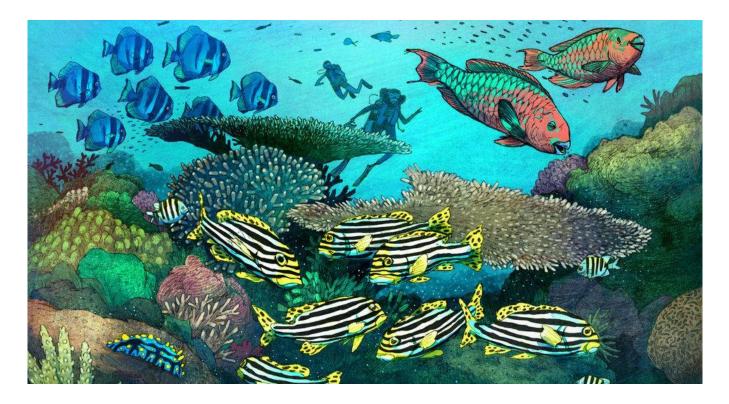
K>G <bN ekV Yx c{b n*a {N* c&>M p*iN Eb&a iM FoG - UM* Q Sob AS&G yp {I! XuM k*oJ yp #TG k*aG EH N*oJ yV* #Jd LaG p&>G o*iN koG XuM k*oJ!



AS XuM k*oJ Hod b&oN {I, XuM k*oJ eL EL&a PUG ES&G koG, UT uM*{I c{b Gad {I.



AS XuM k*oJ <LG c>G {N*, XuM k*oJ yd* {L& eL PUG pa xl}G ElG.



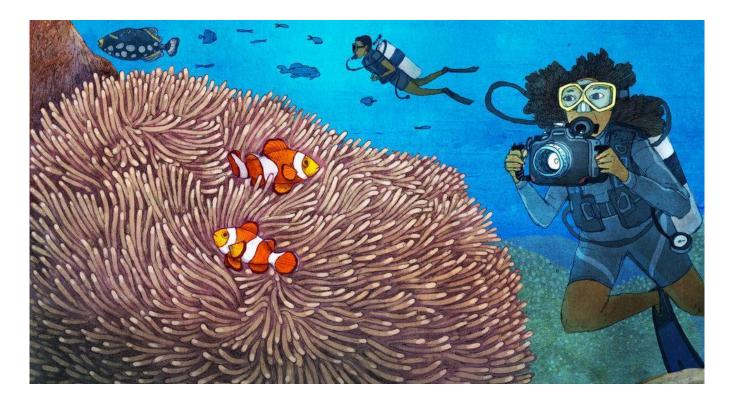
Lib o*oM fIG X&aN <H& Yz& [C* is& eL #hN laJ x}d x&iG c>G {N*: pa eH EfG <dG, pa eVd, pa AjJ, #TG c&a h*aJ AX&M iM laJ fiV S&\$. yV* uH* t&UM x}d x&iG yd&* et*M Ux oiN na, [C* x&aV n*}G G&oN l}G P{b Ux iN*.



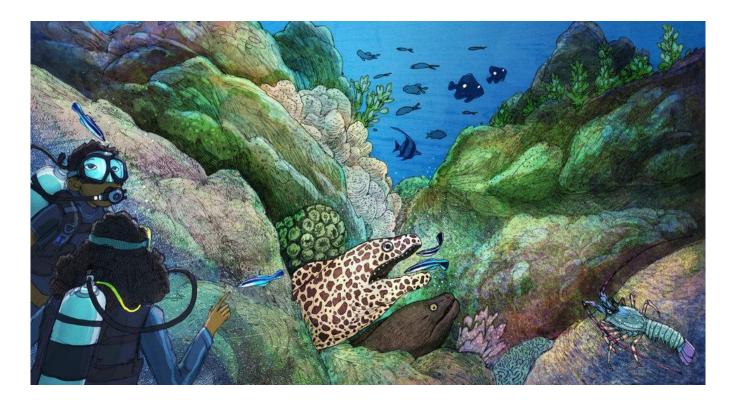
<t pa eCN iN* M\$ [C* p&IN w&aJ fiV yV* H&>M APG PUG pa fiV EIG, hac V&a EHa [C* hac is& uH* M\$, eM&N [I* CVa?



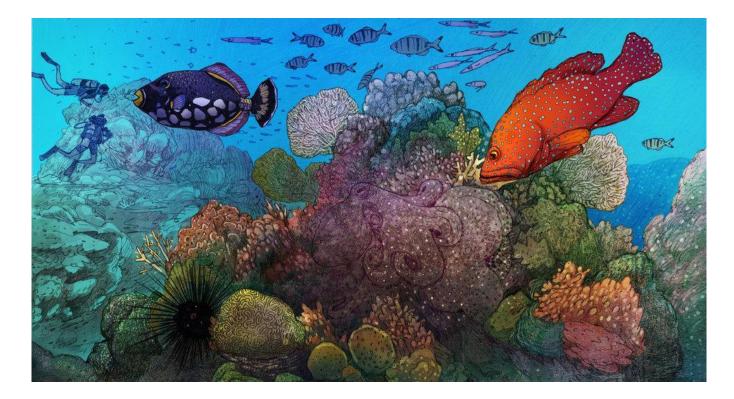
EHa [C* uj& J&aN TaG Sob eM&N c{b <t pa Ux Ut* iN*. EP& PUG naM xI}G [C* is& iM <D*c!



PUG <t pa #h*[C* S&aG XIG yp* es Es*a EHN h*aJ c*iVJ koG Exa, hac V&a Exa [C* hac S*iV Yh* k*oJ d&\$ ic* <P& eo*G.



XuM k*oJ eL #hN PUG <t j&IN moray HaG [t& daG yd* pa h*aG s*aJ T*oN #b* #Jd ePc ek*V, iM ET& <dJ pa h*aG s*aJ o&UN Z}G is& #Jd ePc ek*V Yh* XuM k*oJ.



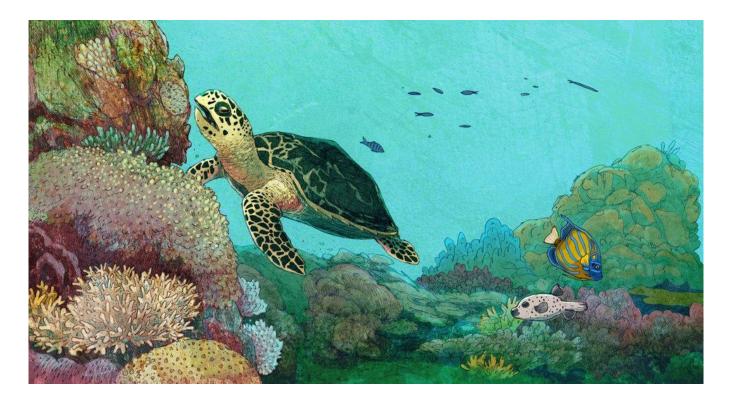
n*}G in* iM pa ek,* #m*N {N*. XuM k*oJ [C* eL #hN <t pa um& X&aN <H& c{b <t eB*c T*>c X&aN <H& daG o*iN b}d o&ic.



<t eB*c T*>c [C* eP* LaG o*iN. M\$ [C* S&aG p&IN fiV, p&IN {L [M&. pa <o&G [C* S&aG p&IN {L [M&, EHa [C* is& #hN yd* <t pa <o&G ma c>G lb& h&uN iN* Eb&a?



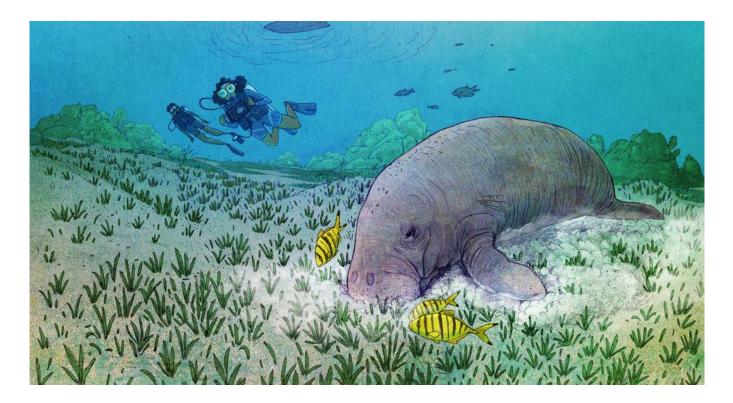
XuM k*oJ [C*[P* ic* <t pa AMb X&aN <H& soM d&oN daG J*}G J&oM {s N*\$. Exa Eb&a #Jd H*aJ EP& X*iN XuM k*oJ LoJ Ek*a {s yV* eL es*G EX.



XuM k*oJ [C* w&oM eL <t Et&a <d*J <m*J iN* KaV Q AS #hN Exa daG eL p&a X&aN <H& x&aV FoG Fod {N* #b* yV* ciN GaJ.



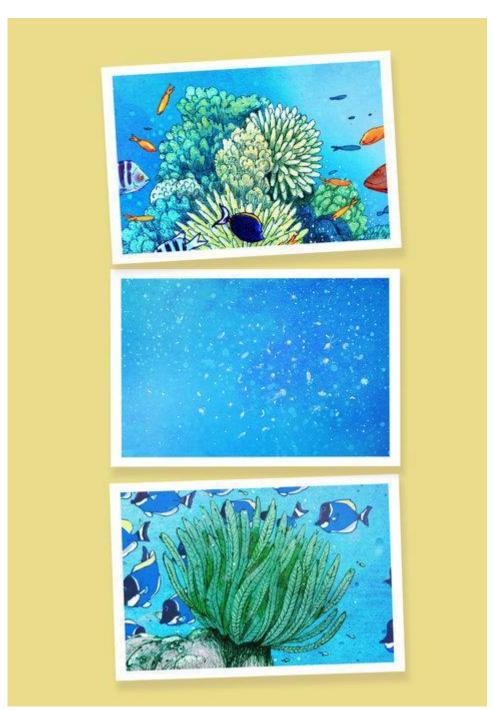
AS CUN Ma c&a EH. XuM k*oJ [C* M&>N laJ AS #hN <t pa d&>J Pa xoG <t pa eob daG LoJ #TG {N*.



XuM k*oJ [C* {g& Eb&a iM ET& {I Yd [C* is& id EX eL*V, XuM k*oJ [C* yd* $\#hN \$ t pa EN*c daG ciN z*a {N*.



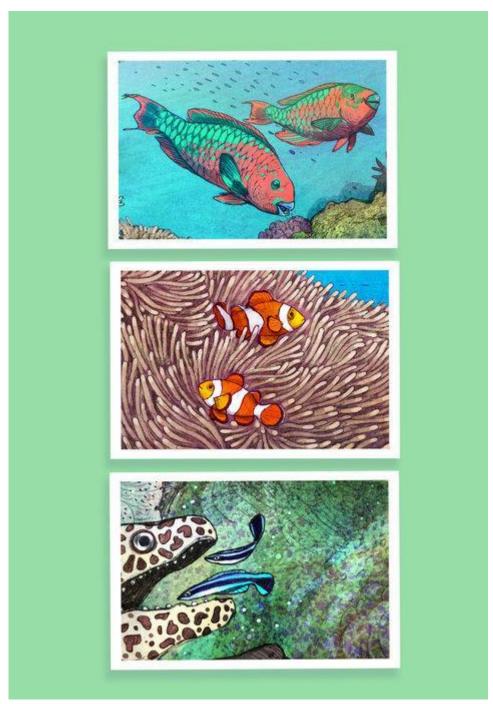
eM&N [I* LaG Xoc #T Eb&a iM AS Yd [T&! k*oJ [C* eo& yp LoJ ET& Q Ym&!



X&aN <H& EV [I* [c YM* EV [I* <t x}d. H*aG P\$ eNV ETa yC N*oJ uj& c>G p&a X&aN <H& Eoa ES&G ciN yV*Yh* Exa m*a eP&. Exa iM uf& duc ekG TaG Noc c{b m*a eP& #pN laJ h&uN lac c\$.

x}d x&iG N*oJ c{b <t eMG N*oJ s*oJ [I* ES&G ciN koG x}d x&iG {N* #b*. Exa <Cb c\$ ETa yC iV& k*>N, x}d xIG N*oJ, yx&, Eo&a s*uG PUG x}d x&iG Yz& EX yI T&oJ wIV {N* #b*.

X&aV b*IN <L&G [C* is& eL #pN EXG [c z*a hac V&a Exa eM&N x}d x&iG eT*. Exa ux* UM EXG <kN M\$ koG Es*a p}d c{b ciN PUG eMG N*oJ yl c>G {N*.



Parrotfish

have strong teeth that form a parrot-like beak, which they use to scrape algae off hard coral. Some species don't mind eating bits of coral as well, and they later poop out a fine sand that washes up on land to form beautiful white beaches.

Clownfish

and

sea anemones

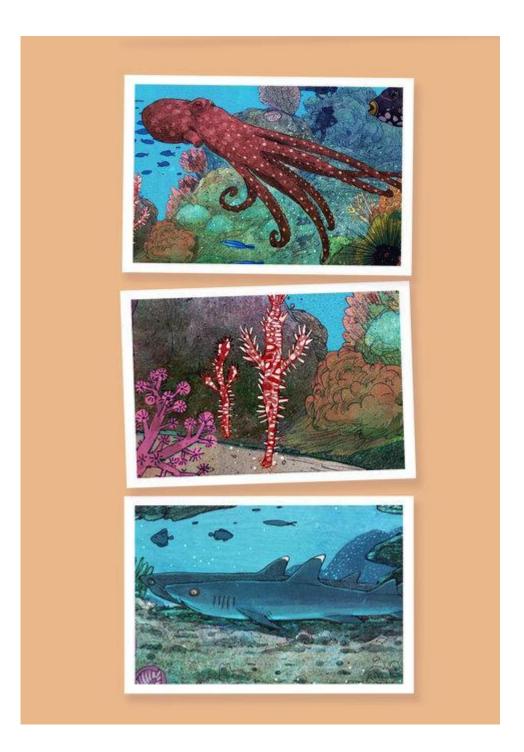
live together and help each other. The clownfish help the anemones by cleaning their tentacles and luring

other fish for the anemone to eat. The anemones, in turn, allow the clownfish to hide among their poisonous tentacles without stinging them.

Cleaner wrasses

are small fish that keep bigger fish clean by

feeding on their parasites and dead skin. The bigger fish recognise the wrasses by their colours and the dance-like way they move.



The

reef octopus

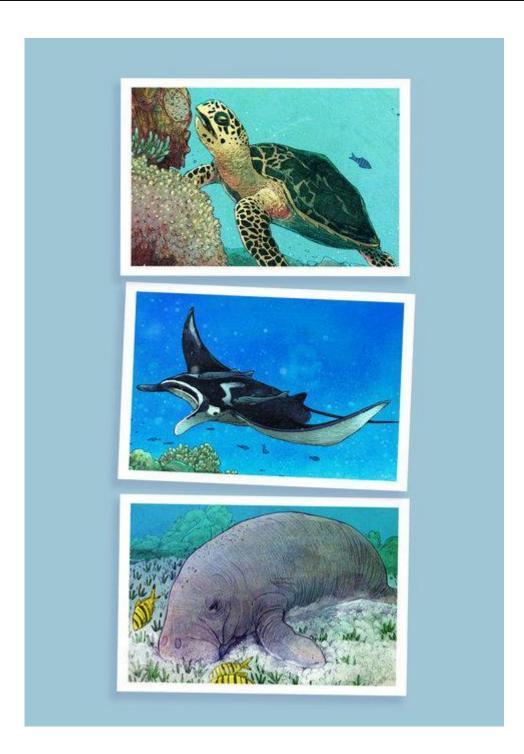
can hide by changing its colour and texture. It makes its home in holes in the reef, or buries itself in the sand.

Ghost pipefish

can be found in pairs, floating with their heads down and hidden among sea grass, corals or feather stars. Like the reef octopus, they can change colour to blend in perfectly. The

whitetip reef shark

has a thin body, broad head, and white tips on its dorsal and tail fin. They hunt at night, and sleep through most of the day.



The

hawksbill turtle

has a flat body, a shell with jagged edges, and a sharp, curving mouth that looks like a hawk's beak.

Manta rays

are huge fish with wing-like fins on the sides of their bodies. These large fins help them swim gracefully through the water. On some manta rays, the distance from one wing tip to the other can reach up to 23 feet!

The

dugong

is a vegetarian marine mammal. Its favourite food is sea grass, which it is able to graze on with its specially-shaped snout. Dugongs are also called sea cows.



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storyweaver

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DIVE!

(English) Take a dive with us into the spectacular world of coral reefs, and catch a glimpse of some strange and beautiful sea creatures! This is a Level 3 book for children who are ready to read on their own.



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